WAR.

Highly Important from the Pacific.

Declaration of War by Peru Against Spain.

Treaty of Alliance Between Chile and Peru.

The Combined Fleets of the Two Republics to Attack the Spanish Squadron Immediately.

Belivia and Ecuador Expected to Join the Anti-Spanish Alliance.

The Entire Spanish Squadron Reported to be Before Valparaiso.

IMPORTANT FROM SPAIN

Tremendous Excitement Over the Capture of the Covadouga and the Chilean Meeting in New York.

CUBA BELIEVED TO BE IN DANGER.

WAR TO THE KNIFE AGAINST CHILE.

Anglo-Chilean Privateers Off the Coast of Spain. &c.

THE NEWS FROM THE PACIFIC.

aship New York, Captain Horner, arrived at is arrival we have late and important intelligence from e Pacific, which will be found in the letter of our

Purser Noyes, of the New York, has our thanks for delivery of our correspondence and late

Our Panama Correspondence. PANAMA, Feb. 1, 1886.

The Pacific Steam Navigation Company's steamship rived in this harbor on the morning of the 20th ult. ringing dates from Lima to the 20th inst., seven days ter. She has on freight for New York twenty-four

lelayed by the blockade being made more strin he entire Spanish squadron was concentrated at

ratification of a treaty of alliance, offensive and defen-sive, between Chile and Peru, and the formal declaration war by Peru against South, which documents I give

Union, the former of forty guns and the latter ting of the screw corvette E-meralda, sixteen er Covadouga, four guns, and steamer Maipo, This fleet is under positive orders to comments hostilities against the Spaniard. Honce we may

tree has been issued by the Peruvian government ting the embarkation for foreign ports of all de secident in Peru, and a paraport is now re-to be taken out by every person leaving the

gun is not thought of, even by residents. We hear also that some of these batteries are officered by men who have had some experience in our four years war, and

reprisals in case the Spanish fleet should take possession of any part of the coast, or inflict any damage to Kuro-

undergoing repairs. She will be ready for sea in about two weeks more, and when she leaves she will carry a battery that will cause a Spanish frigate much annoy ance, even at three miles distance.

passage in the United States steamer Wateree, as he ex-

pected to when he left here.

ACTION OF PERU.

The news of the treaty just concluded and ratified between Chile and Peru, and the formal declaration of war by Peru against Spain, will hardly take you by surprise, for the reason that is my last letter I gave you the information that it would be known by the next arrival,

without doubt. As the documents are important I doesn it best to give them entire:—

THEATT OF ALLIANUE.

OFFICIAL AND DESIGNER METWERN CHIEF AND PINE.

Joen Josquin Pranze, President of the dispublic of Chile—
Inseminds as a treaty of all mace, offersive and defensive, between the expublics of Chile and Peru was made, conthrough plentpointaries fully authorized for that purpose. The the name of Almitchy God. The republics of Chile and Peru, in the presence of the disput on Just presence of the disput on Just presence with a peru. In the name of Almitchy God. The republicant Chile and Peru, in the presence of the disput on Just presence with which got you do the have agreed to recite the disput of the same of the disput of Just presence and defensive, for which purpose live having on a plentypoctaturies of the science of Peru, who, having found addicant their plenary powers, have premended as plentypoctaturies of the Science Ferrible Fachaco, having found addicant their plenary powers, have premended to draw up the tollowing preinvinent pressys—

Arrica, I. The applicated their plenary powers, have premended to draw up the tollowing preinvinent greaty—

Arrica, I. The application of Chile and Feru contract between themselves the chosent alliance, efficience and climinal government, as also any for the democratic methylators of
both republic of any other on the South American conthemselves the any for its object to attack the indepresent of the code of intermetable law, judged according to the form of the said law.

Any 2. For the present, and ky the present treaty, the
republic of Feru and Chile had fortuned to the republic as of her and Chile had fortuned to the republic as of the code of intermetable had been treathed as the pre
are for the other and chile had fortuned to the committee of the code of intermetable had been treathed as a such by both matiests, not in the form which they have at the disposal, or may have
any 2. For the present, and ky the present treaty the

area of the code

sent treaty shall be ratified by the governmiblies, and the ratification small be intertat the end of forty days, or before if posth, meanwhite, the plenipotentiaries of both
t sent this present treaty,
on the 6th day of December, of the year of
thundred and sixty-fire.

DERIFICIAL ANTA MARIA.

TERMINIST ANTA MARIA.

The undersigned, Terribio Pacheco, Secretary of Foreign flares of the republic of Pera, and Domingo Santa Maria, invoj Extraordinary and Minister Flenipotentistry of the republic of Chile, assembled in the saloon of the Department on the Chile, assembled in the saloon of the Department on the Chile, assembled in the saloon of the Department on the Hill of the Chile, as the Chile, as and defensive, made a lima the fifth day of December, eighteen handred and ity-dee, and after having duly communicated their respecterful powers in proper form, compared accurately the vo-copies of the said treaty, and having found them in pereta accordance and conformity, made the said exchange, and the said treaty and the said exchange and chile, as the four-central day of January, eighteen hundred and saity-sax.

T. FACHECO. T. PACHECO. DOMINGO SANTA MARIA.

DOMINGO SANTA MARIA.

THE DECLARATION OF WAIL.

Mantaxo Ioxacio Prano, Provisional Supreme Chief of the Republic of Feeti, Independently of the special motives which Peru has to demand from the Spanish government, expansition for the gross offences committed against the republic, it is a duty to consider the action of Spain against this as against listelf, and consequently the treaty of alliance, offensive and defensive, between the republics of Peru and Chile has been signed, approved and ratified, in order to preserve themselves mitually and to protect America ir in the unjust and violent aggressions of Spain.

ARTICLE I. The republic is declared in a state of war with the government of Spain.

ART 2. The Secretary of Foreign Affairs is charged with communicating this declaration to the friendly nations; to be accompanied with a manifesto of the causes which have represented it.

The Secretaries of Sixty.

hished with all due solemnity, MARIANO I, PRADO, JOSE GALVEZ, Secretary of War and Navy, T PACHEGO, Secretary of Foreign Affairs, J. M., QUIMPER, Secretary of Government, T. SIMAON TELEBRA, Secretary of Justice, M. PARDO, Secretary of Finance and Commerce,

Now that Peru is fairly launched into the war to be waged against Spain, it cannot be long before Bolivia and Ecuador join hands with Peru and Chile against the comhis disposal, may take it upon himself to inaugurate active warfare by bombarding the scaport towns and cities of both republics, commencing probably at Valparaiso, which offers the largest and most shining mark for the broadsides of his squadron, and which is liter ally defenceless and at his mercy. The destruction of

beyond the power of doing mischief to the city, and the heavy iron-clad even would be seriously annoyed by he plunging shot that could be thrown upon her decks.

THE NEWS FROM SPAIN.

Effect of the Capture of the Covadouga in Madrid—Fierce Calls for Vengennee—England, France and the United States Warned to Stand Aside—Anglo-Chilean Ivon-Clads in Spanish Water—Fears for the Safety of Cuba.

THE COVADONGA EXCITEMENT.

[Madrid [Jan. 22] correspondence London Times.]
In the Congress of Deputies on Saturday evening, upon the Home Minister, soner Possada Herrera, being asked what truth there is in the reports of disasters in the Pacific, and what measures the government are prepared to adopt with a view to uphoid the honor of the Spanish flag in those waters, he answered by giving full confirmation to the reports of the loss of the Covadouga and Pareja's suicide, and added that "the government were determined to adopt all measures which could be of any avail towards the reparation of these misfortunes. The Minister could not at that moment explain to the the Congress what those measures were to be, but he could give his assurance that the present ministers were disposed to do everthing that could be done by a government best upon uphading the konor of the Spanish flag and defending the indeests no less than the rights of the nation—words which any government would consider themselves bound to utter under similar circumstances, and upon which they would also afterwards reserve to themselves the right of nutting such

THE SPANISH SQUAPRON ORDERED TO

the country for it, and might "count to grafe." The Stanish trigates Will as Austral, Blance, Berengels and Exceptions, are all full provened server steamers of the first close, are all full provened and manufact of the country of the close in the world, and the close in the world, and the close in the world, all provened in a remarkable of the close in the world. All provened in a remarkable of the close in the world, all provened in a remarkable of the close in the world, all provened in a remarkable of the close in the world, all provened in a remarkable of the close in the world, all provened in a remarkable of the close in the world was a better great of the remarkable of the close in the world was a better great of the country of the world of the country of the co

SPANISH FORCES IN THE PACIFIC.
[From the Madrid Epoca, Jan. 22.]
ment of war. line or battle ships, composing the havy, are the following.—The Blanca, Beren Princesa de Asturias, Resolucion, Concepcion, Lesitad, Villa de Madrid, Numancia and Al. In progress of construction.—The Navas de Toledo

Treaty of Alliance Between Chile and Peru-Letter from Mr. MacKenna. TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

at of Bolivia would follow as soon as the ci

With Pagard to Mexico, her citizens and legitimate representatives have manifested, in the manner which has been possible for them in the present condition of affairs in that repusible, the sympathy which they cherish towards Chile.

Of the gradel fraternity of nations of signalsh origin on both continents of America the only exceptions at present are the republic of the Flare and Paragray, unfortunately involved in a war which does not permit them to attend, as would otherwan have been desirable, to the common danger. Nevertheless the first of these has made the most satisfactory demonstrations possible in favor of Galle through some of the representatives abroad. I leave to you, Mr. Editor, I leave to his people, to the government and to the American Congress, as also to the different representatives of the European Powers in the United States, the charge of judging in all their gravity the events and the intelligence referred to above, and only permit invest to call your particular stiention to that chause of the storementioned treaty by which it is stipulated that the republics of Poru and Chile will carry on the war with Saals, not only for the attacks of that country against both, but for all aggression, which has for its object. "An attack upon the independence, the covereignly or the democratic institutions of any of the republics of the South Americals continent." I have the home to or, sir, your obedient servant.

CNITES STATES MARGEL'S OFFICE, SOCTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK, NEW YORK, Feb. 9, 1866.

Will you permit me to make the following statement n reply to the letter of R. Vicuna MacKenna, the re-

in reply to the letter of B. Vicuna MacKenna, the re-puted special Chilean agent, published in the Hanalo of this morning.—

At one o'clock on the afternoon of the 6th inst. a

bench warrant for the arrest of Mr. MacKenna was placed in may hands. I made repeated vosts to his resistance through the aftergoon, accompanied by one deputy, and was each time told he was not at home, for was it known when he would be by one deputy, and was each time told be was not at home, for was it known when he would be. At six o'clock I called again, and hearing the attendant at the door arknowledge to another party that the gentleman was is. I insisted on wedge him. I was thou unbered into the presence of a person who announced himself as the private secretary of Mr. MacKenna. This young man distinctly stated that Mr. MacKenna was not at home, that he had gone to dinner, that it would be useless for use to call again, at.; and it was only when I informed him of the consequences likely to accrue to himself if he persuated in obstructing the process of the court, that he acknowledged Mr. MacKenna was the called down I read him the warrant, when the secretary interrupted by placing he hand on Mr. MacKenna's shoulder and saying, "This gentleman is not Benjamin V. MacKenna, therefore the warrant is not railed for his person." I replied that I knew him to be the right man. Mr. MacKenna then said, "I am a duly authorized diplomatic agent of the Chiesan government, I shad not go with you. I am not subject to arrest." I replied that I should be compelled to take him by force. He then agained his willingness to go, but requested as a special favor that two officers might be detailed to remain with him through the night; he further requested the privilege of geing out to his dimer, which was also allowed, Mr. Robinson. Robinson. Borkert MURRAY, U. K. Marshal.

John Robinson, being duly aw orn, deposes and any that he attached to be edied of the Chiefe dister Marshal Robinson.

BORKET MURRAY, U. K. Marshal.

Affinavir or wa. ROBERSH WIGHRAY, U. K. Marshal.

Affinavir or wa. ROBERSH WIGHRAY, U. R. Marsha

PEACE.

The Mexican Crisis in Paris and Washington.

THE EFFECT IN THE FRENCH CAPITAL.

When Napoleon Means to Wthdraw His Troops.

Speedy Stillement of the Question booked For.

THE BONDHOLDERS THE ONLY OBSTACLE

M. Salliard En Route for Mexico and M. Favernay for Washington.

THE EFFECT IN WASHINGTON.

What is San in the Capital About Napocon's Speech.

The French Minister's Ball Last Night.

THE ENTENTE CORDIALE.

THE NEWS FROM FRANCE.

Our Paris Correspontence Pants, Jan. 26, 1866

Loss of Prestige by the Emperor-New Ions of the Post States Joy of the Opportion-The Time from the Constitutionnel-An Imperial

cal, the Emperor has lost prestige by doing precisely

pendont Mexico and made a first experiment in 1822. They had received, ten years since, encouragement from the chief who was then at the head of the Mexica republic. They considered that the moment was come for making an appeal to the contry. His Majesty's government did not think proper to withhold like at matching the natisfaction we had to demand, and not with any intention of monarchical procedystem. His Majesty himself declared, in a letter addressed to the Commander in Chief of our army, after the taking of Puebla, that are population alone had be right to excell out the form of the routintions done that the principle of entire to the form of the routintions ber mitted for them. One trapp, therefore, are not in Mexica on the principle of entire or in the firm of the contrary to the fundamental principle of our public law. We went in arms to that country in virtue of the right of war, and we have remained there till now in order to escure the result of the war-that is, to obtain the guarantees and securities required for the interests of our countrymen. Mexico is now governed by a regular Power, which is palous of fulfilling the engage ments and of enforcing on its territory respect for the persons and property of foreign seblects. As some as the necessary crempensents shall have been concluded with the Emperor Mexicolinea, for from declaring the consequence of our principles with regard to interesting the appearance of our principles with regard to indevention, or shall be ready to accomment relative to the affair will be duly communicated to the great bodies of the State.

It will be seen by the above that the Emperor will not be premared to indicate the time at which he interest.

THE MEXICAN CONTESCENDENCE NOT YET
PURLISHIND.
The Paris Parise says the odicial "Yellow Be not contain the de-patches between France and on the Mexican question, as that question

through for returning to the nomarchy, of which intepredated by the best of the Mentthe chief who was then at the head of the Menten repulse. They considered that the mount was exgeneral to the chief who was then at the head of the Menten repulse. They considered that the mount was exgeneral to the chief who was then at the head of the Mentthere; but we want to Ments of the purpose of which the chief of the calcugarden of the calcu
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